## F.Y.B.Sc. (With Credits)-Regular-Semester 2012 Sem I <br> E-02-Electronics : Paper-II (Transducers and Network Theorems)

P. Pages : 2

GUG/S/17/3308
Time : Three Hours


Max. Marks : 50

Notes : 1. All questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.
2. Draw a neat and labelled diagram wherever necessary.
3. Use of log table / calculator is allowed.

## Either

1. a) What is thermistor ? Explain construction and working of thermistor.

Explain the construction and working of thermocouple.

## OR

b) Explain construction and working of LVDT. Draw its characteristics and explain.

State the advantages of LVDT.

## Either

2. a) What is LDR ? Explain the construction and working of LDR. State any four uses of LDR.

Explain working of photovoltaic cell.

## OR

b) What is LCD ? Explain construction and working of dynamic scattering type LCD.

Explain the working of LASER diode.

## Either

3. a) Explain ideal and practical voltage source with suitable diagram.

Explain ideal and practical current source with suitable diagram.

## OR

b) State and prove -
i) Kirchoff's voltage law
ii) Kirchoff's current law

## Either

4. a) State and prove Thevenin's theorem.

Using Thevenin's theorem, calculate current through $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}$ in the following circuit :


OR
b) State and prove maximum power transfer theorem.

In the circuit given below, find the value of load resistor $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}$ to be connected across Terminal A and B which would abstract maximum power from the circuit. Also find maximum power.

5. a) Define active and passive transducers. Give two examples of each. $\mathbf{2}^{\frac{1}{2}}$
b) State any five uses of LED. $\mathbf{2}^{1 ⁄ 2}$
c) Find the voltage across each resistor using voltage divider method in the following circuit.

d) State and explain Milliman's theorem.

