F.Y.B.Sc. (With Credits)-Regular-Semester 2012 Sem I E-02 - Electronics Paper-II (Transducers and Network Theorems)

| P. P Tim | Pages : ne : Thr | 2 ree Hours | $\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{GUG/W} \\ * 1 9 7 2 * \\ \mathbf{Max.} \end{array}$ | / 17/3308 Marks : 50 |
|-------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| | Note | es: 1. 2. 3. | All questions are compulsory and carry equal marks. Draw neat and well labelled diagram wherever necessary. Use of log table/calculator is allowed. | |
| 1. | | Either | | |
| | a) | What is State at Explain | transducer? least four general requirements of a transducer construction and working of a loudspeaker. | 2+2+6 |
| | | | OR | |
| | b) | What is Explain What is | displacement transducer? different types of strain gauges. significance of gauge factor? | 2+6+2 |
| 2. | | Either | | |
| | a) | What an Explain State its | re opto-electronic devices? the construction and working of photo-conductive cell. s uses | 2+6+2 |
| | | | OR | |
| | b) | Compar Explain | re LED and LCD. construction and working of field effect type LCD. | 3+7 |
| 3. | | Either | | |
| | a) | Explain Using F | Kirchhoff's voltage and current laws. Kirchhoff's laws find the currents through R_1 and R_2 . $E_1 \xrightarrow{R_1} E_2$ av $1.5V \xrightarrow{R_1} R_2$ 200Ω | 3+3+4 |
| | b) | Whata | UK | 0.0 |
| | U) | How do | bes they differs from practical sources? Explain convert the following voltage | 0+2 |

source into equivalent current source.

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- **4.** Either
 - a) State and prove Thevenin's theorem. Calculate the current through 12Ω resistor using Thevenin's theorem.



b) State and prove Millman theorem.
 Using Millman's theorem, calculate voltage V_m across points A and B in the network given below.



- 5. a) Explain construction and working of piezoelectric transducer.
 - b) Explain the working of solar cell.
 - c) Find the current I_1 and I_2 in the following circuit.



d) Find R_L that extracts maximum power from the given network.



6+4

2.5x4

6+4